TOWN OF BONNYVILLE

Annual Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2020





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of Town of Bonnyville

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Town of Bonnyville (the town), which comprise the statement of financial position at December 31, 2020 and statement of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flow for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the town as at December 31, 2020, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the town in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the town's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Mayor and Council of Town of Bonnyville (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements,
  whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the town to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Wilde & Company

Vegreville, AB April 13, 2021

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

# TOWN OF BONNYVILLE Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2020

	2020	2019
Financial assets		
Cash (Note 3)	\$ 22,682,497	\$ 16,557,440
Receivables		
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 4)	1,183,814	1,135,876
Due from governments	4,033,059	19,602,574
Trade and other receivables	2,185,828	2,193,152
Local improvement receivable (Note 5)	13,256,379	14,271,676
Investments (Note 6)	318,907	317,305
	43,660,484	54,078,023
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	6,462,815	14,584,640
Deposit liabilities	408,384	443,272
Deferred revenue (Note 8)	10,346,201	13,472,619
Long term debt (Note 9)	15,125,339	16,015,359
	32,342,739	44,515,890
Net financial assets	11,317,745	9,562,133
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	223,689,372	200,028,174
Inventory	303,933	276,549
Prepaid expenses	80,980	26,119
	224,074,285	200,330,842
Accumulated surplus (Schedule 1)	\$ 235,392,030	\$ 209,892,975

Commitment (Note 17)
Contingencies (Note 18)

### TOWN OF BONNYVILLE Consolidated Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budget (Unaudited)		2020	2019
Revenues				
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 3) \$	7,919,507	\$	7,920,640 \$	7,843,096
Local improvements	-		-	(4,809
Recreation local improvement	-			250,883
User fees and sales of goods	4,585,475		3,956,896	4,502,10
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 4)	2,099,500		2,506,596	2,087,450
Investment income	176,000		166,464	150,615
Penalties and costs on taxes	229,500		87,743	310,033
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	-		(613,822)	(41,459
Other	1,936,481		2,058,325	1,923,716
	16,946,463	Ŧ	16,082,842	17,021,629
Expenses				
Administration and legislative	2,899,487		2,588,932	2,755,86
Protective services	2,624,670		2,635,230	2,471,24
Bylaw enforcement	308,377		306,253	249,32
Roads, streets, walks, lighting	6,159,413		6,184,430	6,241,59
Airport services	263,542		239,769	260,67
Water supply and distribution	2,523,647		2,030,578	2,012,444
Wastewater treatment and disposal	1,468,983		1,278,008	1,278,74
Waste management	1,267,706		1,206,898	1,316,32
Family and community support	900,785		775,630	813,30
Land use planning, zoning and development	440,611		296,236	326,462
Parks and recreation	3,032,896		2,528,276	2,954,08
Culture	501,261		461,607	507,646
	22,391,378		20,531,847	21,187,718
Excess of revenue over expenses - before other	(5,444,915)		(4,449,005)	(4,166,089
Other				
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4)	10,628,789		29,842,356	62,994,405
Contribution of capital received	-		33,611	62,302
Donations and funding for capital	-		72,093	647,958
Excess of revenues over expenses	5,183,874		25,499,055	59,538,576
Accumulated surplus - beginning of the year	209,892,975		209,892,975	150,354,399
Accumulated surplus - end of the year \$	215,076,849	•	235,392,030 \$	209,892,975

## TOWN OF BONNYVILLE Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budget (Unaudited)	2020	2019
Excess of revenues over expenses \$	5,183,874	\$ 25,499,055 \$	59,538,576
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on sale of tangible capital assets	(13,768,360) - - 5,611,991 -	(29,587,338) (33,611) 60,509 5,285,420 613,822	(63,568,382) (62,302) 85,221 5,300,383 41,459
	(8,156,369)	(23,661,198)	(58,203,621)
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Acquisition of supplies inventories Acquisition (use) of prepaid assets		(27,384) (54,861)	(20,536) 41,704
		(82,245)	21,168
Decrease (increase) in net financial assets	(2,972,495)	1,755,612	1,356,123
Net financial assets, beginning of year	9,562,133	9,562,133	8,206,010
Net financial assets, end of year \$	6,589,638	\$ 11,317,745 \$	9,562,133

## TOWN OF BONNYVILLE Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020		2019
Operating			
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 25,499,05 <b>5</b>	\$	59,538,576
Net changes in non-cash items included in excess of revenues ove	r eynenses		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	5,285,420		5,300,383
Contributed tangible capital assets	(33,611		(62,302
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	613,822		41,459
Net changes in non-cash charges to operation:			
Increase in taxes and grants in lieu receivable	(47,938	)	243,547
Increase in government receivables	15,569,515		(14,246,375
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	7,324		39,948
Decrease in local improvements receivable	1,015,297		1,045,635
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(27,384		(20,536
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(54,861	)	41,703
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(8,121,825		9,982,385
Decrease in trust liabilities	•		-
Decrease in deposit liabilities	(34,888		8,350
Increase in deferred revenues	(3,126,418		(3,480,161
Cash provided by operating transactions	36,543,508		58,432,612
Capital	/00 507 000		/00 500 000
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(29,587,338		(63,568,382
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	60,509		85,221
Cash applied to capital transactions	(29,526,829		(63,483,161
Investing			
Increase in restricted cash or cash equivalents	3,297,414		3,480,161
Decrease (increase) in investments	(1,602)		260,324
Decrease (morease) in investments			200,021
Cash provided by investing transactions	3,295,812		3,740,485
Financing			
Long term debt repaid	(890,020		(1,129,575
Long term debt repaid	(030,020		(1,129,575
Cash applied to financing transactions	(890,020		(1,129,575
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year	9,422,471		(2,439,639
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,084,821		5,524,460
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 12,507,292	\$	3,084,821
Cash and cash equivalents is made up of:			
	£ 00.000.40=	•	40 557 440
Cash (Note 3)	\$ 22,682,497	\$	16,557,440
Less: restricted portion of cash (Note 3)	(10,175,205		(13,472,619
	\$ 12,507,292	\$	3,084,821
	Ψ 12,501,292	Φ	3,004,021

TOWN OF BONNYVILLE
Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus
Year Ended December 31, 2020

(Schedule 1)

					2020	2019
	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Operating Reserves	Restricted Capital Reserves	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	65,091	18,047,694	7,767,375	184,012,815	209,892,975	150,354,399
Excess of revenues over expenses	25,499,055		-		25,499,055	59,538,576
Unrestricted funds designated for future use	(399,080)	(313,276)	712,356	-		
Capital debt repayment	(890,020)	_	_	890,020		-
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(29,587,338)	-	=	29,587,338	•	-
Contributed asset received	(33,611)			33,611		
Capital debt issued	•	-			-	
Disposal of tangible capital assets	674,331	_	-	(674,331)	-	-
Annual amortization expense	5,285,420	-		(5,285,420)	-	-
	548,757	(313,276)	712,356	24,551,218	25,499,055	59,538,576
Balance, end of year	613,848	17,734,418	8,479,731	208,564,033	235,392,030	209,892,975

### TOWN OF BONNYVILLE Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery and Equipment	Vehicles	2020 \$	2019
Cost:								
Balance, beginning of year	10,981,194	6,150,603	43,052,437	208,017,939	7,547,931	2,989,256	278,739,360	215,781,795
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets	-	45,307	143,281	28,244,634	598,526	589,201	29,620,949	63,630,684
Disposal of tangible capital assets	(7,000)	(285,925)	(62,116)	(14,114)	(994,275)	(85,622)	(1,449,052)	(673,119
Balance, end of year	10,974,194	5,909,985	43,133,602	236,248,459	7,152,182	3,492,835	306,911,257	278,739,360
Accumulated amortization: Balance, beginning of year		3,489,556	13,598,206	56,024,825	3,556,270	2,042,329	78,711,186	73,957,241
Annual amortization		258,874	911,447	3,553,519	419,685	141,895	5,285,420	5,300,383
Accumulated amortization on disposals		(192,370)	(62,116)	(14,114)	(421,499)	(84,622)	(774,721)	(546,438
Balance, end of year	_	3,556,060	14,447,537	59,564,230	3,554,456	2,099,602	83,221,885	78,711,186
Net Book Value of tangible capital assets	10,974,194	2,353,925	28,686,065	176,684,229	3,597,726	1,393,233	223,689,372	200,028,174
2019 Net Book Value of tangible capital assets	10,981,194	2,661,047	29,454,231	151,993,114	3,991,661	946,927		200,028,174

	Budget (Unaudited)	Ĭ	2020		2019
Taxation					
Real property taxes \$	10,898,726	\$	10,876,445	\$	11,226,470
Government grants in place of property taxes	60,302		60,302		55,965
	10,959,028		10,936,747		11,282,435
Requisitions					
Alberta School Foundation Fund	2,954,364		2,930,519		3,351,180
Lakeland Seniors Foundation	85,157		85,588		88,159
7,000	3,039,521		3,016,107	540	3,439,339
Net municipal taxes \$	7,919,507	\$	7,920,640	\$	7,843,096

	Budget (Unaudited)	-	2020		2019
	10.0				110
Transfers for operating					
Provincial Government \$	1,105,449	\$	1,574,307	\$	881,496
Other Local Governments	994,051		932,289		1,205,954
	2,099,500		2,506,596		2,087,450
Transfers for Capital					
Transfers for Capital					
Provincial Government	5,321,571		26,543,740		61,835,366
Other Local Governments	5,307,218		3,298,616		1,159,039
	10,628,789		29,842,356		62,994,405
Total government transfers \$	12,728,289	\$	32,348,952	\$	65,081,855

	Budget (Unaudited)	2020	2019
Consolidated expenses by object			
	\$ 6,696,111	\$ 5,876,923	\$ 5,978,670
Contracted and general services	5,510,822	5,101,945	5,442,565
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities	2,652,185	2,521,592	2,557,271
Transfers to individuals and organizations	1,336,220	1,243,575	1,366,281
Bank charges and short term interest	5,000	3,463	7,111
Amortization of tangible capital assets	5,611,991	5,285,420	5,300,383
Interest on long term debt	 579,049	498,929	535,437
	\$ 22,391,378	\$ 20,531,847	\$ 21,187,718

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Environmental Services	Other	Total \$
Revenue								
Net municipal taxes	7,920,640	_		<u>-</u>			_	7,920,64
Local improvements	•							_
Recreation local improvement								
Government transfers	1,654,646	472,897	2,397,814	4	688,218	26,394,446	740,931	32,348,95
User fees and sales of goods	18,122	-	32,622	41,850	58,612	3,801,797	3,893	3,956,89
Investment income	166,464	-	-	-	-	_	-	166,46
Other revenues	1,348,637	345,084	(546,082)	160,498	158,325	121,019	50,469	1,637,95
	11,108,509	817,981	1,884,354	202,348	905,155	30,317,262	795,293	46,030,90
Expenses								
Contracted and general services	807,349	1,943,711	1,011,690	22,256	144,886	1,013,919	158,134	5,101,94
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,374,638	479,623	1,133,125	270,812	885,291	1,282,784	450,650	5,876,92
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities	91,394	101,074	1,174,098	1,578	218,958	853,899	80,591	2,521,59
Transfers to local boards and agencies	86,242	50,000	-		1,057,414	-	49,919	1,243,57
Interest on long term debt	-	125,002	348,494	-		25,433	-	498,92
Other expenses	3,463	-	-	-	_	-	-	3,46
-	2,363,086	2,699,410	3,667,407	294,646	2,306,549	3,176,035	739,294	15,246,42
Net revenue before amortization	8,745,423	(1,881,429)	(1,783,053)	(92,298)	(1,401,394)	27,141,227	55,999	30,784,47
Amortization of tangible capital assets	225,846	242,073	2,844,021	1,590	683,334	1,252,220	36,336	5,285,42
Net revenue	8,519,577	(2,123,502)	(4,627,074)	(93,888)	(2,084,728)	25,889,007	19,663	25,499,05
						Table State		

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Significant accounting policies

#### Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the municipality are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the municipality are as follows:

#### Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality, therefore, accountable to Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources. Included with the corporation are the following:

Town of Bonnyville Waterworks System

Town of Bonnyville Library Board

Town of Bonnyville Waste Disposal

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Significant estimates include:

- Amortization of tangible capital assets
- Estimated useful life of tangible capital assets
- Allowance for doubtful accounts
- Inventory valuation
- Local improvements receivable
- Landfill (closure and post closure) liability

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are investments in treasury bills and are valued at cost plus accrued interest. The carrying amounts approximate fair value because they have maturities at the date of purchase of less than ninety days.

#### Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

#### Debt charges recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts that are recoverable from municipal agencies or other local governments with respect to outstanding debentures or other long term debt pursuant to annexation orders or joint capital undertakings. These recoveries are recorded at a value that equals the offsetting portion of the unmatured long term debt, less actuarial requirements for the retirement of any sinking fund debentures.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Requisition over-levy and under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

#### Inventories for resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

#### Tax revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

#### Landfill closure and post-closure liability

Pursuant to the Alberta Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act, the municipality is required to fund the closure of its landfill site and provide for post-closure care of the facility. Closure and post-closure activities include the final clay cover, landscaping, as well as surface and ground water monitoring, leachate control, and visual inspection. The requirement is being provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

#### Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

#### a) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	12/11/0
Land improvements	15-20
Buildings	25-50
Engineered structures	
Water system	35-65
Wastewater system	35-65
Other engineered structures	15-40
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-20

#### b) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

#### c) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

#### d) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

#### e) Cultural and historical tangible capital assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

YEARS

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Recent accounting pronouncements published but not yet adopted

The following accounting standards have been issued by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPAC) but are not yet effective. The municipality is currently evaluating the effect of adopting these standards on their financial statements.

#### Section PS 3450 - Financial Instruments

The new Section establishes standards for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and non-financial derivatives. In conjunction with this new Section, Section PS1201, Section PS 2601 and Section 3041 have been amended as a consequence of the introduction of new financial instruments standards. These amendments were required to present the associated gains and losses with financial instruments recognized under the new Section. The new Section and the related amendments are effective for fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

#### Section PS 3280 - Asset Retirement Obligations

This new Section establishes standards on how to account for and report a liability for asset retirement obligations. This Section applies to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022. Earlier adoption is permitted. As a consequence of the issuance of Section PS3280, Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability, Section PS3270, has been withdrawn. Section PS3270 will remain in effect until the adoption of Section PS3280.

#### Section 3400 - Revenue

This new Section establishes standards on how to account for and report on revenue. Specifically, it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. This Section applies to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

#### 3. Cash and temporary investments

	2020	2019
Cash		\$ 16,557,440

Included in cash is a restricted amount of \$10,175,205 (2019 - \$13,472,619) received from grants which are held exclusively for restrictive purposes (Note 8).

Council has designated funds of \$8,171,075 (2019 - \$7,460,320) included in the above amounts for capital replacement.

The bank account has an overdraft authorized to \$2,500,000 and bears interest at prime less 1.55%. Prime rate was 2.45% at December 31, 2020.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Year Ended December 31, 2020

4.	Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable		
		2020	2019
	Current taxes and grants in place of taxes Arrears taxes	\$ 630,817 552,997	\$ 578,178 557,698
		\$ 1,183,814	\$ 1,135,876

#### Local improvement receivable

	2020	2019
Local improvements	\$ 13,256,379	\$ 14,271,676

Local improvement receivables relate to construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects which are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These amounts will be collected from the ratepayers over a period of 20 years.

#### Investments

	2020	 2019
Credit Union term deposits ATB Financial term deposits Lakeland Credit Union common shares	\$ 170,169 138,487 10,251	\$ 168,568 138,487 10,250
	\$ 318,907	\$ 317,305

Credit Union term deposits have effective interest rates of 1.45% to 2.24% (2020 - 1.45% to 2.24%) and maturity dates from January 2021 to December 2022 ATB Financial term deposits have an effective interest rate of 2.49% (2019 - 2.491%) with a maturity date of May 2021.

Council has designated funds of \$308,656 (2019 - \$307,055) included in investments for capital replacement.

#### 7. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	2020	2019
Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities Landfill closure and post closure liability Accrued wages	\$ 5,367,747 684,890 410,178	\$ 13,482,331 567,002 535,307
	\$ 6,462,815	\$ 14,584,640

#### 8. Deferred revenue

	 2020	2019
Water For Life Grant	\$	\$ 9,044,233
Improvement District No. 349 Grant	9,027,919	_
First Nations Water Tie-In Program Grant	707,888	1,006,378
Implementation of the Unired Nations Declaration on the		
Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP)	16-1	771,382
Municipal Sustainability Initiative Grant		164,119
Inter-Municipal Cooperation Program	-	2,181,298
Alberta Community Partnership Grants	130,727	166,342
Social Housing Grant	45,911	60,911
Municipal Stimulus Program Grant	129,888	-
Municipal Operating Support Transfer Grant	132,872	
Other deferred revenue	170,996	77,956
	\$ 10,346,201	\$ 13,472,619

Funding received from the various grant programs noted above are restricted to the eligible operating and capital projects as approved in the funding agreements. Unexpended funds related to the funding advances are supported by restricted cash of \$10,175,205 held exclusively for these projects (Note 3).

9.	Long-term debt				
_				2020	2019
	Tax supported debentures		\$ '	15,125,339	\$ 16,015,359
	Principal and interest repayments are as t	Principal		nterest	Total
	2021 2022	\$ 918,511 947,922	\$	473,338 443,926	\$ 1,391,849 1,391,848
	2023 2024	978,286 1,009,633		413,562 382,216	1,391,848 1,391,849
	2025	1,041,995		349,854	1,391,849

The current portion of the long term debt amounts to \$918,511 (2019 - \$890,020).

Debenture debt is repayable to the Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 0% to 4.124% per annum and matures in periods 2012 through 2036. The average annual interest rate is 3.15% for 2020 and 3.15% for 2019 For qualifying debentures, the Province of Alberta rebates 60% of interest in excess of 8%, 9% and 11% to a maximum annual rate of 12.5%, depending on the date borrowed.

10,228,992

\$ 15,125,339

1,581,449

\$ 3,644,345

11,810,441

\$ 18,769,684

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Bonnyville at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$498,929 (2019 - \$535,437).

Thereafter

The municipalities total interest paid in 2020 were \$501,828 (2019 - \$538,788).

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### 10. Debt limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the municipality be disclosed as follows:

	2020	2019
Total debt limit	\$ 24,124,263	\$ 25,532,444
Total debt	15,125,339	16,015,359
Amount of debt limit unused	\$ 8,998,924	\$ 9,517,085
Debt servicing limit	\$ 4,020,711	\$ 4,255,407
Debt servicing	1,391,849	The second secon
Debt servicing	1,391,049	1,391,849
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 2,628,862	\$ 2,863,558

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/2000) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

#### 11. Landfill closure and post-closure liability

Alberta environmental law requires closure and post-closure care of landfill sites, which includes final covering and landscaping, pumping of ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspections and maintenance.

During 2020, the Town made payments totalling \$415,955 (2019 - \$560,823) to the Beaver River Regional Waste Management Commission. Effective April 1, 2009, the municipality is under contract to the Commission to operate the Class III landfill and transfer station site.

The municipality conducts ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspections and maintenance of Class II landfill site which has already been closed. The Town has not designated assets for setting closure and post-closure liabilities of the new Class III site. The life expectancy of the new site is in excess of 40 years.

	2020		2019	
Estimated closure costs  Estimated post-closure costs	\$	3,101,852 160,196	\$ 3,101,852 160,196	
Estimated total liability	\$	3,262,048	\$ 3,262,048	
Accrued liability	\$	684,890	\$ 567,002	
Portion of total liability remaining to be recognized	\$	2,577,158	\$ 2,695,046	

### 12. Equity in tangible capital assets

	2020	2019
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2) Long-term debt (Note 9)	\$306,911,257 (83,221,885) (15,125,339)	\$278,739,360 (78,711,186) (16,015,359)
	\$208,564,033	\$184,012,815

#### 13. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2020	2019		
Unrestricted surplus Restricted surplus	\$ 613,848	\$ 65,091		
Restricted operating surplus	17,734,418	18,047,694		
Restricted capital surplus	8,479,731	7,767,375		
Equity in tangible capital assets	208,564,033	184,012,815		
	\$235,392,030	\$209,892,975		

#### 14. Segmented disclosure

The municipality provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 6).

#### 15. Salary and benefits disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	Salary (1)	Benefits & owances (2)	2020	2019
Gene Sobolewski (Mayor)	\$ 90,553	\$ 3,477	\$ 94,030	\$ 92,585
Brian McEvoy	33,976	1,717	35,693	38,780
Ray Prevost	35,902	224	36,126	31,862
Elisa Brosseau	38,235	1,968	40,203	45,128
Lorna Mae Storoschuk	41,673	580	42,253	49,816
Rene Van Brabant	30,045	448	30,493	30,959
Chadwick Colbourne	33,135	1,679	34,814	41,519
Former CAO - Mark Power	116,261	-	116,261	168,708
CAO - Bill Rogers	100,225	14,555	114,780	:=
Former Assistant CAO - Bill Rogers	63,370	14,026	77,396	158,137
	\$ 583,375	\$ 38,674	\$ 622,049	\$ 657,494

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.
- Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial and retirement planning services, concessionary loans, travel allowances, car allowances and club memberships.

#### 16. Local Authorities Pension Plan

Employees of the municipality participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The municipality is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 9.39% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 13.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the municipality to the LAPP in 2020 were \$398,613 (2019 - \$385,264). Total current service contributions by the employees of the municipality to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2020 were \$360,450 (2019 - \$347,797).

At December 31, 2019, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$7.9 billion.

#### 17. Commitments

The Town of Bonnyville is the guarantor on a loan for the Bonnyville & District Sports and Recreation Society. The loan is to fund operations of the Junior A Pontiac's hockey club. The loan had a balance of \$79,559 as of December 31, 2020 (2019 - \$87,908).

The Town of Bonnyville is the guarantor on a loan for the Bonnyville Bingo Association. The loan is to fund renovations to the building that the association is leasing. The loan was initially disbursed at \$140,000 and had a balance of \$111,081 as of December 31, 2020 (2019 - \$129,683).

The Town of Bonnyville has a commitment with the Bonnyville Regional Water Services Commission ("the Commission") to fund a portion of the project to build the water line. The total project cost is estimated at \$93,400,000 of which \$3,234,161 is for the Cold Lake First Nations and is funded 100% by government grants. The remaining portion is funded by government grants and municipalities. Included in the \$93,400,000 are cost over runs of approximately \$10,300,000 of which 50% is covered by the province. For the remaining 50%, the Town of Bonnyville is responsible for 80.2% and the Municipal District of Bonnyville No. 87 is responsible for the remaining portion. The remaining balance is funded 90% by the province and 10% by the Town of Bonnyville and Municipal District of Bonnyville No. 87. The Town of Bonnyville is responsible for 80.2% of the 10% and the Municipal District of Bonnyville No. 87 is responsible for the remaining portion.

The Town of Bonnyville is managing the project for the Bonnyville Regional Water Services Commission as the organization was not established until late 2018. Council has committed to transferring water line assets of \$92,531,721 (2019 - \$58,379,958) and deferred revenue of \$nil (2019 - \$11,885,550) to the Commission in 2020.

#### 18. Contingent liabilities

The Town of Bonnyville was named as a defendant in a lawsuit where Urlacher Construction Ltd. is suing 683416 Alberta Ltd. of contract to pay for services to complete a land development project. The plaintiff is suing for \$60,156 in damages. This liability has not been recognized on the 2019 financial statements as there is insufficient knowledge on the outcome of this claim. Any liability resulting from the legal claim will be fully funded by insurance.

#### 19. Financial instruments

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivable, debt charges recoverable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit liabilities, and long term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

#### 20. Related party transactions

The Bonnyville & District Leisure Facility Corporation is a not-for-profit corporation established under the Business Corporations Act. The Town of Bonnyville owns 50% of the corporation with the remaining ownership held by the MD of Bonnyville. The total cost of the building to date is \$27,462,987 of which one-half is recorded as a capital asset for the Town of Bonnyville while the other one-half is held by the MD of Bonnyville.

The outstanding utility receivable of \$4,320 (2019 - \$3,573) from the Centennial Centre. The outstanding debenture was paid off in 2019. During the year, the Town contributed \$945,648 (2019 - \$945,648) to the Bonnyville & District Leisure Facility Corporation for the 2020 requisition. Included in the receivables is the 2020 over funding of \$78,661 (2019 - \$9,869).

#### 21. Approval of financial statements

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.

### 22. Budget amounts

Budget amounts are included for information purposes only and are not audited.

#### 23. Pandemic risk

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national and global economies. As at April 13, 2021, the Municipality is aware of these changes in its operations as a result of the COVID-19 crisis. Management is uncertain of the effects of these changes on its financial statements and believes that any disturbance may be temporary; however, there is uncertainty about the length and potential impact of the disturbance. As a result, we are unable to estimate the potential impact on the Municipality's operations as of the date of these financial statements.

#### 24. Comparative figures

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.